

THE PORTSMOUTH HERALD.

VOL. XVI., NO. 4644

PORTSMOUTH, N. H., SATURDAY, DECEMBER 16, 1899.

PRICE 2 CENTS

MUSIC HALL.

F. W. HARTFORD, — — — — — MANAGER.

ONE WEEK, MONDAY, DEC. 11.

Matinee Wednesday and Saturday.

The Jessie Harcourt Co.

AND THEIR OWN CONCERT ORCHESTRA.

REPERTOIRE

Saturday Matinee.....Fair Play
Saturday Evening.....The Pay Train

Prices: Evening, 10, 20 and 30 Cents. Matinee, 10 and 20 Cents.

Carvers Nut Crackers

-SKATES-

AT

A. P. WENDELL & CO.'S.

Plated Ware Cutlery

Something New At Moorecroft's.

WINTER OPENING OF

FUR AND VELVET HATS

All are invited. Do not fail to examine.

12 Market Square, Portsmouth

A NEW HARNESS.

You Can Get One Made To Order At

JOHN S. TILTON'S

That Will Please You.

Repairing Attended to Promptly

THIS SPACE BELONGS TO

-LAWRENCE-

Portsmouth's Swell Tailor

HERALD ADS GIVE BEST RESULTS

Try One And Be Convinced.

FATAL ENDING.

Sad Result of a Quarrel at Franklin, N. H.,

An Insurance Agent Killed By a Laundry Man.

The Latter's Life Threatened and He Acts in Self Defence.

FRANKLIN, N. H., Dec. 15.—In a dispute over a laundry bill tonight, L. W. Yeaton, a local insurance agent, was killed by E. C. Wingate, the proprietor of the Franklin steam laundry. Yeaton went to the laundry to talk over some insurance matters with Wingate and while there was asked to settle his laundry bill, which caused a dispute. It is alleged that Yeaton pulled out a revolver, whereupon Wingate fell d him to the floor with a piece of steam pipe. Yeaton died almost immediately and Wingate gave himself up to the police.

GREEN GOODS CIRCULARS.

Flood of Them Arrived in the Mail for Business Men.

The periodical flood of "green goods" circulars that are sent to this city, are beginning to pour in again. A batch reached here in this morning's mail, addressed to merchants and business men.

The circulars have all of the old-time ring, "the reproduction of excellent plates of bank notes which can not be told, from the genuine, even by the most severe tests," etc.

One of the circulars reads, "Your name was sent me by my son (who is my traveling representative) as a shrewd, reliable and trustworthy man for me to co-operate with in your vicinity and I therefore take the liberty of making you a proposition that ninety-nine out of a hundred up to date men would gladly grasp if they could personally examine my work, thereby convincing themselves of the absolute safety of my offer."

The circulars are signed, "B. C. Young, Rondout, N. Y." To order this stuff, the directions say telegraph "Send Rose brand, No 907." The circulars were turned over to the government authorities.

CHANCE FOR SCHOLARS.

Offer of the Colonial Dames Must Be Accepted Before April 1900.

At a meeting of the board of managers of the National Society of Colonial Dames of the state of New Hampshire, held in this city on Sept. 21, it was voted to offer a prize of \$10 for the best essay written by a pupil of any one of the New Hampshire high schools, academies or seminaries, on a subject drawn from the colonial history of the state of New Hampshire.

The committee chosen to perfect this plan has just decided that the essays must be sent to its chairman before April, 1900, and also in order to prevent all possibility of partiality, that the pupils sign fictitious names to their essays, the principals of each institution forwarding a list of the real names, together with the pseudonyms, to be consulted by the committee after the selection of the best essay has been made.

The teachers and principals of all high schools and academies in the state are invited to co-operate in the work by sending in to the chairman of the committee, Mrs. Gordon Woodbury, Manchester, such essays as the students may be interested to write.

A SOUVENIR WILL BE PRESENTED TO EACH LADY.

Miss Jessie Harcourt has decided to present every lady attending the performance on Saturday evening with a sheet of music which bears an excellent likeness of the talented young actress. This is in honor of the grand reception tendered her during the past week at Music hall. The music retails at fifty cents per copy.

VOGEL AND DEMING'S MINSTRELS.

At Music hall, December 20th, will occur the initial performance of John W. Vogel and Arthur Deming's big minstrels in this city. The organization is a large one and comprises the foremost artists in the minstrel sphere and the world of novelties. Arthur Deming, "The Emperor," is the particular bright star of this alliance, and he shines more brilliantly than ever Arthur possibly has more friends than any comedian on the American stage. As a performer he is brilliant, refined



ARTHUR DEMING.

and entertaining; bears the distinction of being the only end man who is utterly free from all vulgarity; has a splendid voice, is graceful in action; in short, he is the most artistic black face comedian now before the public. Deming's associates are hardly less clever than himself, for Manager Vogel seems to have had first choice when selecting the corps of artists found with this clever company. Bentham & Byrnes, exponents of musical comedy; John Queen, comedian; Ollie Young, expert black manipulator; Marion and Pearl, the artists who excel in their laughable knockabout singing and dancing act, and the great Olivo, the human dragon, are a few of the features. The vocal department comprises eight superb soloists, including Master George Jones, boy baritone, the wonder of the vocal world. The scenery and effects are on a grander scale than is generally seen with a minstrel show, the first part setting being spoken of as a veritable eye-feast. Sale of seats for this attraction opens three days in advance at the Music hall box office.

MORE MEN FOR NAVY.

The navy is 4000 men short of the legal maximum, and this is spite of the best efforts of the recruiting officers. Secretary Long has written a letter calling the attention of congress to this state of affairs and suggesting that it might offer a decided incentive to enlistments by extending to sailors enlisting the benefit of the act allowing to apprentices in similar circumstances a full outfit of clothing not to exceed \$45 in value. Under the present system the men are kept in debt for months after enlistment by the purchase of the necessary outfit from advanced pay masters.

TO LOCATE HERE.

Dr. Harry Watts, a former Portsmouth boy, who since receiving his diploma has been located in Deerfield, Maine, is to take up his residence in this city where he will resume his practice. It is understood that he will occupy the Whitcomb store on State street which will be remodeled into an office and reception room. Dr. Watts' family are now at her former home on Court street, the guests of Mr. and Mrs. William Carrier.

DRILLED AND ATE ROAST PIG.

Lucullus division, Uniform Rank, Knights of Pythias, held a meeting and drill in their hall, Friday evening. Following the business meeting the members sat down to a fine spread, the principal dish being roast young pig with all the fixings.

TO CURE LA GRIFFE IN TWO DAYS

Take Laxative Broom Quinine Tablets. All druggists refund the money if it fails to cure. E. W. Grove's signature is on each box. 25c.

Itching piles? Never mind if physicians have failed to cure you. Try Doan's Ointment. No failure. 50 cents, at any drug store.

SOME CRITICISMS.

Admiral Cervera Was Not Wholly Satisfied With Things Here.

A translation of the letters of Admiral Cervera to the Spanish minister of marine, of interest to this particular locality, especially, has been made from the book forwarded to the editor of the Herald by the admiral. The translation is by Dr. Treadwell of this city and is very interesting.

Having related the events following the destruction of his fleet and up to the assigning of the Spanish sailors to the Portsmouth and Norfolk navy yards and Annapolis, he says:

"During our stay in Portsmouth the Bishop of Portland and the Portsmouth priest came to see us and I find no words to express their kindness.

"We remained in Portsmouth four days, then we went to Annapolis where I was received with the honors due my rank. A well-furnished house was provided for me. In that city we were cared for as perhaps history has never recorded prisoners being treated.

"August 12 we left Annapolis and reached Portsmouth the following day, where we found a lieutenant awaiting us by Admiral Carpenter's order. He invited me to stay at the admiral's house with my adjutant, my paymaster and my ensign. This invitation I declined fearing it might prove too onerous to the admiral.

"I found conditions different here from what they were at Annapolis. There was not the same material comfort; or the same courtesy; on the contrary, it was noticeable at once that there was a lack of material welfare, and in the relations with our enemies I thought I could see friction, and on the part of some of them a desire to make especially the officers feel that they were prisoners, and make them suffer the bitterness of their sad lot. While it never came to open insults, there is no doubt that the people there did not act according to the desires and certainly not the spirit that prevailed in the highest government spheres.

"As to the material care I will state that for lodging the men, ten barracks had been built, each 100 feet long and 15 feet wide, so that the ground covered was 15,000 square feet. As we had over 1500 men, 150 had to be put into each barracks, which gave each man only 10 square feet of space. The officers had only one barracks, the dimensions of which I do not remember, but it had all along the walls miserable cots (I could not call them beds) and in the middle was a table lengthened by boards and disreputable looking remnants of chairs. As politely as I knew how, I commented on this to Admiral Carpenter, and in honor to truth I must say that when I left Portsmouth two days later the officers had chairs and another barracks was being built for a dining room, and instructions had been issued to stop up every crack of the old barracks."

DEAFNESS CANNOT BE CURED

By local applications, as they cannot reach the diseased portion of the ear. There is only one way to cure deafness, and that is by constitutional remedies. Deafness is caused by an inflamed condition of the mucous lining of the Eustachian Tube. When this tube is inflamed you have a rumbling sound or imperfect hearing, and when it is entirely closed, Deafness is the result, and unless the inflammation can be taken out and this tube restored to its normal condition, hearing will be destroyed forever; nine cases out of ten are caused by catarrh, which is nothing but an inflamed condition of the mucous surfaces.

We will give One Hundred Dollars for any case of Deafness (caused by catarrh) that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure. Send for circulars, free.

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O. Sold by Druggists, 75c.

FLORIDA, CUBA AND THE SOUTH.

The Southern railway now operates its through Florida service over its own line to Savannah, thence via Plant system to all points in Florida, with connections at Tampa and Key West and Havana; also at Jacksonville with Florida East Coast R. R. for all points on the East Coast of Florida, with connections at Miami for Nassau and Cuba. Superior services to Aiken, Augusta, Asheville and all winter resorts of the South.

Dining car service on all through trains and direct connections at Washington with Colonial and Federal Expresses from Boston. The only line one night enroute between Boston and Florida.

For full information apply to Geo. C. Daniels, N. E. P. A. 238 Washington street, Boston.

NEWSY GLEANINGS FROM OUR SUBURBAN TOWNS.

GREENLAND.

GREENLAND, Dec. 16.

Mrs. John Gray of Medford, Mass., who for the past has been visiting in Portsmouth, returned to Greenland yesterday.

Edward Seavy is suffering from an injury to the fore-finger of his right hand. Mr. Fred Barsantee, who for the past two weeks has been visiting relatives in town, returned to Providence, R. I., this morning.

Charles H. Brackett and Melvin Huntress were visitors in Portsmouth yesterday.

Fred Lamos, salesman for the Kennedy Biscuit company of Cambridgeport, Mass., was in town yesterday on business.

The rain of yesterday and Thursday night was more than welcomed by the farmers.

Fred Margie of Exeter was in town yesterday.

Herbert Tuttle of Exeter passed Friday with his father in town.

An Exeter newspaper has named the village below the postoffice a "Cottage City. Quite an appropriate name for it too.

A cold snap is predicted by some of our local weather prophets.

Several young people from here visited the Jessie Harcourt repertoire company last night and pronounced it one of the best things seen this season at Music hall.

YORK.

YORK, Dec. 16.

Hon. Edward C. Moody of this town has recently been appointed census enumerator for this district.

John C. Jenkins of Bates college is spending the Xmas vacation with his parents.

Mrs. Elbert M. Bragdon is making preparations for a trip to Thomasville, Ga., where she will remain a few months on account of ill health. She expects to start Monday, accompanied as far as Hyannis, her former home, by Mr. Bragdon.

Fremont Vaneil is contemplating a trip to Mexico, starting about Jan. 1.

The many friends of Mrs. Alfred L. Moody will be pained to hear of her serious illness at her home in Fargo, N. D. Her niece, Miss Edna Moody, and a trained nurse are in constant attendance.

Arrangements are being made for the production of an amateur play some time during the winter.

Mrs. J. Perley Putnam is confined to the house by illness.

Elsie Keen has been detained from school this week by illness.

The York Harbor and Beach branch of the B. & M. R. R. has completed arrangements for the erection of a depot near Iduna on Long Beach, the same to be finished before the summer season of 1900.

The regular Sunday services will be held as usual at all places of worship. At the Congregational church Rev. S. K. Perkins will speak upon "The Authority of the Teachings of Jesus." Rev. C. C. Whidden pastor of the M. E. church at the evening service will chose for his subject, "The Law Gives Questions."

Mr. G. A. Marshall was in Portsmouth yesterday on business.

Miss Abbie Moody is the guest this week of Mrs. W. M. Walker.

NAVAL ORDERS.

Captain C. M. Thomas to the Asiatic

station via steamer from San Francisco on Jan. 6, for such duty as may be assigned.

Lieutenant-Commander J. C. Wilson, from the Indiana to home and wait orders.

Lieut. H. B. Wilson, orders Sept. 27 modified to include inspection duty of the works of Nease & Levy, Philadelphia, and works of Harlan & Hollingsworth, Wilmington, Del.

Lieutenant-Commander U. R. Harris, from the Monongahela to the New York as executive.

Naval Constructor J. F. Hanscom, to assume duties as superintending constructor of the Denver, to be built by Nease & Leavy Ship and Engine Building Company, Philadelphia.

A. W. Macbinit J. A. Venable, from the Michigan to the Dixie.

Naval Cadet C. Shackford, from the Indiana, with a draft of men from the Vermont for the Scindia at San Francisco, and on that vessel to Manila for duty.

Naval Cadet C. E. Kalbus, same orders as Shackford.

Assistant Surgeon William Garton, from the Washington yard and to the New York immediately.

REAL ESTATE CONVEYANCES.

Following are some of the conveyances of real estate in the county of Rockingham for the week ending Dec. 6th, as recorded in the registry of deeds.

Portsmouth.—Charles L. Simpson to Robert H. Hall, land on Richards avenue, \$1.—Henry T. Ridge to Willis F. Kiernan, land on Broad street, \$1.—Mary H. Newton to Martha W. Hall, land and buildings on Friend street, \$1.

Newcastle.—Frances L. Prescott, Boston, et al. to Prescott H. Belknap, Brookline, Mass., land, \$5.

Newington.—Sarah J. Drown to Eva L. Baker, both of Portsmouth, land, \$1.

Greenland.—Andrew J. Norton to John S. H. Frank, three parcels real estate, \$1, deeded in 1891.

Hampton.—Monroe Holmes to Boston and Maine railroad, land, \$25.—John A. Towle of Boston and Maine, land and buildings, \$6000.

Hampton Falls.—Lydia H. Parker, Seabrook, to George F. Merrill, land and buildings, \$250.

JESSIE HARCOURT COMPANY CONTINUES TO PLEASE.

The Jessie Harcourt company has appeared to no better advantage in any production of the week than in O'Day, the Alderman, given before an audience of good proportions at Music hall on Friday evening. All of the twelve speaking parts were extremely well assigned, and the play went with a spirit not often exhibited by popular priced aggregations.

Between acts, entertaining specialties were introduced by several members of the company. All were favorably received by the audience. The projecting machine repeated its success of the previous night. The reproduction of the great Jeffries-Sharkey fight caused much enthusiasm, and the other scenes were quite satisfactory.

The Harcourt company has scored as distinct a hit as any of its predecessors, since the opening bill of Monday night. This afternoon the attraction will be Fair Play. Tonight The Pay Train is to be put on. Both are pieces with a lot of stirring action and cannot fail to make a pleasant impression. The engagement of the company closes with this evening's performance. Good houses have prevailed all the week.

THE WORLD'S BEST.

THE Crawford SHOE

LADIES' LACE AND BUTTON

QUEEN QUALITY OFTEN IMITATED, NEVER EQUALLED.

\$3.00.

FRANKLIN SHOE—Every pair guaranteed to give satisfaction. Franklin Shoes fit the foot, fit the eye and fit your purse.

Men's Sizes.....\$2.00 | Boys' Sizes.....\$1.50 | Youths' Sizes.....

5 MARKET STREET.



THE CAUSE OF WOMEN

ALICE STONE BLACKWELL ON WORK AND WAYS.

The Right of Women to Work When They Are Not Obligated to Do So—The Question of Working to Get Extra Money for Luxuries.

Everybody will admit, at least in theory, that women may work without blame when they must do it to earn a living. Says Alice Stone Blackwell in the New York Sun. But many persons bitterly denounce those women, and especially those married women who work for wages from choice, not from compulsion. As ex-Senator Ingalls expressed it: "They want pecuniary independence. They desire more pleasure and recreation, finer raiment, travel, society, and so seek public and private employment." And he complains that each woman who succeeds displaces some man with his living to earn. The question, therefore, resolves itself into this: Have women a right to earn money when they are not compelled?

But the question whether a married woman shall or shall not engage in outside work is a question between herself and her family, not between herself and the government. It is doubtless best for the community that the average man should undertake only one business and should give his full attention to it but the government does not step in to prevent him undertaking two, or three, or half a dozen, if he chooses. There is no reason why it should be more meddlesome in the case of women.

A woman has, and should have, the legal right to earn money for luxuries, if she is able and desirous but has she the moral right? To answer this we must brood the question and ask, "Have people a moral right to work for money when they are not compelled to do so?" Mr. Ingalls would answer, "Yes if they are men; no, if they are women." But no such double standard of ethics can be maintained. A famous clergyman was once told by a young scolder that the religion he preached might be very good for old women, but it would not do for men. The minister answered, "Sir, either the religion I preach is true or it is not true. If it is true it is good for everybody; if it is not true, it is neither good for old women or for anybody else." If a law of right and wrong is valid at all, it is valid all around. When a young man inherits from his father a fortune sufficient to support himself and a family, it is wicked for him to go into business and try to make more, thus displacing some man who has his living to earn? If it is not wrong for a millionaire's son, why should it be wrong for his daughter? When the average man has accumulated enough for himself and his family to live upon is he under a moral obligation to retire from business, and cease competing with men who have not yet accumulated a competence? Mr. Ingalls would say that every man, married or single, has a perfect right to stay in business as long as he chooses, in order to earn luxuries either for his family or for himself. He may heap up money beyond the wildest estimate of his or his family's possible needs, and the money he makes, the more people will think of him, so long as he makes it honestly. By what possible process of reasoning can Mr. Ingalls claim for himself and all other men the right to work for luxuries, and at the same time enjoin upon all women a literal compliance with the Scriptural injunction "having bread and raiment, therewith to be content?" The members of the Salvation Army have a right to rebuke the women who work for luxuries, but no other men under the sun are entitled to cast a stone at them; least of all American men, who as a class possess in a high degree both the liking and the talent for making money.

Does it follow that it is never wrong for a married woman to work for luxuries? Sometimes it is. It is wrong for people to neglect their families in order to earn luxuries, of course; but this sin is not found wholly or chiefly among women. As Gov. Roosevelt said the other day to the Assembly of Mothers at Albany, a father's influence as well as a mother's is essential to the best bringing up of a family; yet how many men do we know so absorbed in the race for wealth that they hardly see their children except on Sundays? There are twenty such fathers to one mother who neglects her family.

There is no denying that the competition of underpaid women has been a great injury to men's wages, but scolding at the women will not help the matter. Organization will do something. Let parents be educated to see that no girl is fully equipped for marriage unless she is mistress of some trade by which she can earn a living for herself and her children if she should be left a widow. This will lessen the oversupply of unskilled labor. Let women who are assured of a support be educated to see the wrong that they do if they offer their labor for less than the market price. Let husbands be educated to realize that the wife is a partner in the matrimonial firm who contributes cash value, if she does not contribute cash, and that she is entitled to some regular share of the family income to spend as she chooses. There are thousands of married women working for wages to-day (mostly at sewing, knitting, worsted work, and other such things as can be done in odd moments at home), who would never have thought of doing it if their husbands had realized this simple fact. Let any fair-minded man put himself in his wife's place. Let him consider how he would feel if he could never get any spending money except in one or two ways—either by asking his wife for it, and satisfying her that he was going to make a wise use of it or else by earning it outside of his regular business. Would he not sell every string of trout he could catch during his holidays, even if he did interfere with the profits of the professional fisherman? The average woman is in just that position. Her regular business is taking care of a house and family, ensuring her a support, but no spending money. There is a legitimate wish in every human heart for the unquestioned control of some amount of money, however small. To get it she must earn it outside of her regular business, and, naturally, she tries every conceivable way.

Everybody will admit, at least in theory, that women may work without blame when they must do it to earn a living. Says Alice Stone Blackwell in the New York Sun. But many persons bitterly denounce those women, and especially those married women who work for wages from choice, not from compulsion. As ex-Senator Ingalls expressed it: "They want pecuniary independence. They desire more pleasure and recreation, finer raiment, travel, society, and so seek public and private employment." And he complains that each woman who succeeds displaces some man with his living to earn. The question, therefore, resolves itself into this: Have women a right to earn money when they are not compelled?

But the question whether a married woman shall or shall not engage in outside work is a question between herself and her family, not between herself and the government. It is doubtless best for the community that the average man should undertake only one business and should give his full attention to it but the government does not step in to prevent him undertaking two, or three, or half a dozen, if he chooses. There is no reason why it should be more meddlesome in the case of women.

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BUYING THE DINNER

USEFUL HINTS FOR CHRISTMAS ON ANY OTHER DAY.

The Color of Meat—Age of Fish and Fowl—Selecting Vegetables—Facts About Good Fruit—Choice of Butter, Coffee and Milk—Canned Goods.

Market by personal visits rather than by giving orders. Do not confine your patronage to any particular firm. Each mercantile firm has its specialties. There is probably no branch of marketing that so puzzles an inexperienced housewife, nor one in which she is often worsted, as in buying meats.

The young housekeeper may always be sure that meat that is bright and red is young and tender. If the color of the shade she sought so earnestly for her ox-blood gown, she may be certain that the meat is old. The age of a beef can safely be determined by its color. If light red it is young; if dark red, old.

It is well for economic reasons to buy a large roast, say ten pounds, at a time, if your family is large enough to dispose of it. By so doing you can get a fine cut of tenderloin and a good fillet for a separate dish for another meal.

By combining a rib and tenderloin thus you can buy them both for the same price you would for either alone.

There are only about two good sirloin cuts of a beef. They should be cut to include the flat bone, for the adage that "Nearer the bone, sweeter the meat," is strictly true. A good test of the age of meat is the color of the fat. If white it is young; if yellow it is old.

The color of meat is a good guide, but it is one that is almost indescribable. The sense of smell is quick to detect the difference between the fresh, blood-like smell of new meat and the stale, rancid odor of the old.

Fresh fish is firm outside and is crisp and shiny and rather dry. If stale it is likely to be slimy and flabby and pliable to the touch. The blood of a fish is an infallible indication. If a bright red, it is of pristine freshness. If the blood is muddy and brownish the fish is too stale for use.

The wings indicate the age of a fowl. If they bend easily at the touch they belong to a young fowl. Grasp the wing at the upper part where the bone is largest. Its power of resistance is a criterion of the age of the fowl. If it is soft and cartilaginous, the meat will be tender. If the wings are hard, the meat will be tough. Pressing the thumb firmly upon the breastbone of a fowl is another reliable test. The meat is as old as the breastbone of a fowl is another reliable test.

The quality of most vegetables may best be tested by weighing them in your hands. A head of cabbage, for instance, may look plump when it is really shriveled at the heart. If by lifting it you learn that it is lighter than it looks you will know that the leaves are withered and the heart, perhaps, coarse and pithy. Cabbage should be crisp and compact. You should look beneath the outer leaves to be sure that the inner ones are all they promise.

Test celery by breaking it to see whether it is crisp. Do not throw away the root, which has the choicest flavor in the plant. The stem is the best indication of the condition of cauliflower. If it is tough, stringy or discolored the same condition is true of the head of the cauliflower. Select the smaller ones. They are always sweeter. The larger ones will be coarse if they are not pithy. The color is a good indication of their quality. They should be of a bright red or pink.

Cranberries may be tested by the eye, taste and touch. They should be crisp and solid, very plump and of medium red. If too dark red they are over-ripe and soft. Remember that the medium-sized, thin-skinned fruits are the best.

Don't touch the apples you expect to buy. Their red or yellow plumpness is very deceptive. The touch of the fingers no matter how light, bruises the apple, and starts the process of decay. You must be educated in apple lore to buy intelligently. For finding the fruit is not always preferable or convenient, and touching is forbidden. You must know what varieties are tart and which are sweet, which are of firm and which are of soft pulp. In the meantime, until the lack of education has been supplied there is nothing to be done but to blindly follow the greengrocers, or fruiterers, lead in the matter.

Oranges should be thin-skinned and of a light, almost transparent yellow. Lemons should also be of the thin-skinned, pale yellow, plump, firm variety.

Many housekeepers who pride themselves on their discretion and economy buy fresh eggs for table use and packed eggs of an age that inspires reverence for cooking. It is a great mistake. The taste of a stale egg can be detected as quickly in a muffin as though broken into a glass before your plate. It is impossible to disguise the taste of stale eggs, and foolish to try.

Be exceedingly fastidious in your choice of butter. Call into your service both taste and smell. It is well to buy it in small quantities. Be sure to learn who are the best butter dealers and buy only their best brand.

It is best to buy coffee in the bean and roast and grind it yourself just before using. Be sure that the coffee bean is crisp, not leathery, and that it is roasted only to a light, dark brown, not black. One-third Mexican and two-thirds old Java mixed make the best brew to my taste. Oolong and English breakfast tea in equal parts is an excellent mixture.

Avoid blue milk. If you use the sort which comes in bottles, be sure that there is a finger of cream in each bottle, which proves that the milk is of Use butter, not oleomargarine.

Be extremely particular about selected canned goods if you use them at all.

There are many women to whom comfort is the first consideration in selecting the different articles for their wardrobe. They prefer the easily adjusted caps to close-fitting jackets, and, in consequence, some very pretty models are shown for seasonable wear.

Elegant black lamb's wool cloth is chosen for this comfortable cape. The novel feature is the introduction of an underlying box plait in the center back. This is narrow at the neck, and grows wider to the lower edge, where it gives extra fullness and better protection, which is acceptable at this season.

The upper part of the cape is fitted smooth by means of shoulder darts, and falls in soft, graceful folds at the lower edge. The high, flaring collar is edged with silver fox. The fastening down the front is made invisibly under an edging of fur on either side.

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Long Trains for Brides

POSITION OF THE SENATE.

Pettigrew's Resolution Tabled
By a 2 to 1 Vote.

A SIGNIFICANT RESULT.

The Vote Said to Explain How the
Upper House of Congress Stands
on Expansion—Two Joint Resolutions
are Introduced in the House—
Other Washington News.

Washington, Dec. 15.—Mr. Pettigrew's resolution asking for information as to whether the flag of the Philippine Republic had ever been saluted by the American forces in the Philippines, came up in the Senate and was laid on the table by a vote of 2 to 1. This is considered very significant as showing the position of the Senate on expansion.

Mr. Chandler made the motion to lay on the table, but did not object to an explanation by Mr. Pettigrew and the latter spoke briefly, saying that his only purpose was to ascertain whether certain newspaper statements concerning the recognition given Aguinaldo's forces by our fleet in Manila Bay in the summer of '98 were true.

Mr. Chandler replied that every word of the resolution and speeches made upon it would be called to Manila. Mr. Pettigrew called for the yeas and noes on the motion to lay on the table. The vote resulted 41 yeas to 20 nays.

Proceedings in the House.

Washington, Dec. 15.—Two joint resolutions have been introduced in the House by Representative Williams, of Mississippi, which are the result of consultation among the Democratic leaders, and are understood to express their general position on the Philippines.

The first declares an intention to recognize the independence of the Philippines and withdraw our land and sea forces, provided the independent government agrees to refund the \$20,000,000 paid by the United States to Spain, to give us a suitable naval and coaling station and grant in perpetuity free access to their ports.

Foreign affairs of the islands are to be under American control for ten years.

The other resolution asks for information relative to the treaty with the Sultan of Jolo, and provides for an inquiry by the Judiciary Committee as to whether the constitutional provisions against slavery and the statutory provisions against polygamy apply to the Sulu people.

Discussion of the Financial bill was resumed in the committee of the whole.

Mr. Hepburn, of Iowa, in the chair.

Mr. Cox of Tennessee, opposed the bill. He gave a brief history of the bill and said that it would be passed, "that the power which put the Republicans in this House would compel them to pass it." The fact that this would require a change of position on the part of the great majority of the Republicans, Mr. Cox said, would make no difference.

Mr. Lewis, of Georgia, followed in opposition to the bill. He said that the measure, he said, had been outlined in the St. Louis platform, the result of the election of 1896 would have been the choice of William J. Bryan, of Nebraska.

Mr. Lewis found in the fact that the National Bank probably owned three-fourths of the war bonds issued last year an additional argument against the further issue of bonds by the Secretary of the Treasury.

Mr. Latham, of Texas, in four minutes, had time only to express his belief that the pending bill would be passed, but before that was accomplished he desired to record his profound and conscientious opposition to its provisions.

Mr. Crumpacker, of Indiana, was the first advocate of the bill at this session. Contrasting present conditions with those obtaining during the Cleveland administration, he said that it would be criminal for Congress to fail or refuse to pass legislation which would prevent the recurrence of the conditions that then existed. The pending bill, in his opinion, would accomplish that.

Mr. Shibley, of Pennsylvania, spoke in opposition to the bill, and said that he intended to vote against its passage.

Chicago Still the Favorite.

Washington, Dec. 15.—The impression among national committeemen at the Arlington is that in spite of the efforts of New York and Philadelphia, the Republican national convention will be held in Chicago. That is still the wish of Senator Hanna and Henry C. Payne, and it is understood also to be the preference of President McKinley.

For the first time in years, New York seems to be really in earnest in seeking the convention. It is believed that something more is behind her efforts than the usual demonstration of hotel-keepers and business men. Senator Platt is interested deeply in the success of the movement and is working quietly and skillfully among members of the national committee. New Yorkers have been less in evidence in the lobbies of the Arlington than Philadelphians, but a large and influential delegation will come from New York at once. No plans have been made for the presentation of New York's claims, but the chances are that Senator Depew will make the principal speech.

Timothy F. Woodruff will probably make a speech, and Simon Ford, of the Grand Union Hotel will talk. The fact that a fund of \$100,000 has been subscribed in New York is a potent argument. Philadelphia makes a similar offer, but the money has not been subscribed. The objection raised both to New York and Philadelphia is that they are too far east; that the convention will adopt an equivocal gold standard platform, and that it will be wiser, therefore, to hold the convention in some city at a distance from eastern financial influences, and an offer that is a political side of the question which appeals to some committeemen from the far west.

Controller Davies, who has great influence with members of the national committee, is one of the principal sponsors for Chicago and has given the

committee ample assurances in regard to the amount of money needed to provide properly for the convention. Henry C. Payne of Wisconsin, vice-chairman of the national committee, says that the date of the convention probably is to be June 12, and that the place is to be Chicago.

In Memory of Washington.

Washington, Dec. 15.—Mount Vernon was the scene Thursday afternoon of the most unique and picturesque ceremony in its rich and picturesque history. Masons of high degree from all over the United States and Canada met at the tomb of Washington, in services commemorating the 100th anniversary of the death of the greatest American. President McKinley delivered an eloquent tribute to the memory of the first President, and Senators and Representatives in Congress, high officials of the government and distinguished private citizens were participants and spectators of the solemn service.

Later in the day, when the Masonic services had been concluded, the Inceffable Order of Red Men succeeded them in honoring the memory of Washington with the rites of their order.

The procession was formed in line at Washington Monument, where President McKinley and other distinguished guests joined it, and moved solemnly to the old vault where first rested the remains of Washington. This procession was formed and moved in the exact order and over the same path which was followed at Washington's funeral. Halting at the vault the Third Cavalry Band played a funeral dirge, and the Right Rev. A. M. Randolph, bishop of the Southern Episcopal Diocese of Virginia, offered an invocation. This was followed by an address by the grand master of Masons in Colorado, and the procession then moved on to the tomb, where the remains of Washington now lie.

Here occurred the impressive services of the Masonic ritual. The grand masters of the thirteen original States formed in line, facing the representatives of the other jurisdictions, and the grand lodge and other brethren standing in a circle around the tomb with joined hands.

The grand masters deposited their wreaths and emblems, and the craft slowly marched past, laying on the tomb their tributes.

Depew Greeted With Applause.

Washington, D. C., Dec. 15.—The Great Council of the United States of the Improved Order of Red Men held exercises in Convention Hall Thursday evening to commemorate the centenary of the death of George Washington.

Great Incoherence George E. Green of New York presided, and speeches were made by the Chairman, Past Great Incoherence Charles H. Litchman of Massachusetts, and Great Prophet Robert T. Daniel of Georgia.

The orator of the evening was Senator Chauncey M. Depew of New York.

His speech was of an especially interesting nature and the speaker was greeted with enthusiastic applause.

Lodge on the Philippines.

Washington, Dec. 15.—Senator Henry Cabot Lodge of Massachusetts, chairman of the important committee on the Philippines, explains the jurisdiction and scope of the new island committees in part as follows:

"It will ultimately become the duty of the Philippines committee, I suppose, to deal with all questions connected with the islands and to consider submission to the Senate the policy which the United States should pursue in regard to them. But these are, of course, questions of the future. The paramount necessity of the present moment is the restoration of order in the islands, the ending of the war, and the extinction of the last embers of the insurrection which has now degenerated into mere brigandage. This is all work for the army, and is an Executive function. That peace and order are absolutely restored there ought not to be any Congress action."

The Engineer Was Lost.

Binghamton, N. Y., Dec. 15.—John C. Phelps, an engineer on the New York Central, lost his way with a train of cars running up the Utica branch of the D. L. & W. between Utica and this city, narrowly escaping a fatal collision. It has been the habit of the Central to switch cars on to the D. L. & W. siding at Utica. Phelps, missing his way, went up the main line at rapid speed. The train dispatcher succeeded in catching up Head Day Dispatcher from at Saugutt, and that official ran, half dressed from his home to the track. The train was coming slowly up a grade, and when he boarded it the engineer explained that he was lost. Sullivan piloted the train back again.

Moody Rapidly Failing.

Boston, Mass., Dec. 15.—Dwight L. Moody's condition has taken a sudden change for the worse, and as a result a great deal of anxiety is felt as to his ultimate recovery. Dr. N. P. Wood, the family physician, has issued the following bulletin:

"Dwight L. Moody has not been as well during the last few days. A consultation has been held, and as a result it may be announced that Mr. Moody's condition promises ultimate recovery." No more, Dr. Wood said, could be promised.

Uncle Remembered Him Generously.

Akron, Ohio, Dec. 15.—Harry B. E. Hamlen, a nephew of W. S. Stratton, the Cripple Creek "Gold King," has received a Christmas present from his uncle in the form of a \$20,000 draft. The present was entirely unexpected. Hamlen is cashier of the local office of the Armour Company. Stratton recently sold his interest in one of the richest mines in the Cripple Creek District, and his present to the nephew is a part of the money received for it.

Murderess Goes to Prison.

Catskill, N. Y., Dec. 15.—Judge Sanders has sentenced Elizabeth C. Bear, for the murder at Kiskatom, on October 6, of her aunt, Kate Wolven, a paralytic, aged eighty-three years, to twenty years at hard labor in the woman's prison at Auburn.

Philadelphia Schooner Lost.

Cape Charles, Va., Dec. 15.—The three masted schooner Riddle S. Derby of Philadelphia, loaded with lumber, is stranded on Hog Island bar. The crew was saved by the life-saving crew. The vessel and cargo are a loss.

A MOTHER'S GRATITUDE

Many a Mother in Portsmouth Will
Appreciate the Following:

Many a strong man and many a healthy woman has much for which to thank mother. The care taken during their childhood brought them past the danger point and made them healthy men and women.

Children are generally bothered at some period with inconvenience of urine and inability to retain it is oftentimes called a habit.

It is not the children's fault, the difficulty lies with the kidneys and can be readily lighted if taken in the proper way. A Portsmouth mother shows you how.

Mrs. A. G. Mace, of 12 Madison street, says: "My little girl had weak kidneys. I believe she inherited the complaint. Her trouble was non-retention of the kidney secretions. I employed physicians and used many remedies, but until I obtained Doan's Kidney Pills for her at Philbrick's pharmacy nothing did her any good. They helped her so much and gave such relief to the child that I am very grateful for having my attention drawn to them."

For sale by all dealers; price 50 cents. Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y., sole agents for the U. S.

Remember the name—Doan's—and take no substitute.

ROME'S CONCESSION.

Catholic Sisters Permitted to Attend
Outside Lectures in Secular Garb.

Advocates of the higher education of women are surprised by an unexpected and extraordinary concession from that most conservative of authorities, the Pope. The head of the French teaching Sisters of the Sacred Heart, a very progressive woman, went before the Vatican authorities not long ago with an educational plan by which the novices of the order were to be allowed to take a normal school course outside their convent restrictions and taught by outside up-to-date professors.

Some eminent French ecclesiastics favored the idea, but in Rome it was frowned upon, and a formal refusal was given to permit its application.

A much more important and wide-reaching concession has now been made by the Pope in favor of the Marcelline Sisters, the most educational of all the religious communities in Italy. They are not only allowed to attend the lectures in the public universities of Rome, mingling there with laymen and listening to lectures by professors of every mental order, but they doff their religious dress to do so. When they return to the convent in the evening they put on their religious habit again.

The congregation of Sisters is comparatively new. They applied to the Pope for approbation in December, 1896. He has just given them a definite sanction as a community with simple vows, the decree being published by the Cardinal Prefect of Bishops and Regulars the last week in October.

Here in New York there has been trouble with the State authorities where Sisters taught in some of the public schools in the interior cities wearing their religious garb. A solution of the difficulty may be found in this new precedent established in Rome.—N. Y. Herald.

Wireless Telegraphy.

Wireless telegraphy is to be used in a novel and practical manner at Halifax. The harbor there is often difficult of access, especially during storms, and as a result many vessels have been wrecked while approaching it. Mr. A. P. Hamilton has now invented an apparatus with the object of facilitating the approach to the harbor and thus minimizing the danger of shipwrecks.

The apparatus consists of what may be called an electric buoy on which is a bell connected with the land by means of a submarine cable. In addition to the bell the buoy is intended to hold a Marconi transmitter from which signals may be sent from land to a distance of four or five miles. Now the inventor asserts that in this manner all vessels provided with receivers suitable for wireless telegraphy can not only be readily warned of danger as they approach the coast, but can also ascertain their exact position by signals which will only pay heed to the signals transmitted.

The inventor's intention apparently is to have a buoy placed in each spot where there is the most likelihood of peril and to have signals sent by the Marconi system of wireless telegraphy whenever there is any danger of a storm. The successful manner in which the Marconi system worked during the international yacht races has satisfied Mr. Hamilton that it may be relied upon to do good service in connection with his buoys.—N. Y. Herald.

The Piano Fixture.

People who are bothered by a young musician practicing on the piano may be somewhat consoled by a knowledge of some of the many devices which have recently been patented for the use of such students. Recently an apparatus closely resembling a thumb screw was put on the market and was endorsed by some music teachers as calculated to greatly increase the speed of piano players. Now a piano player's harness is given to the world, with equally strong endorsements. It is intended to prevent pupils from dropping the wrists too low and is fitted with hand cuffs and an adjustable strap, which passes over the shoulders. While sustaining the hands in the proper position for fingering the keys of a piano it is yielding to a sufficient extent to permit the hand to reach all the octaves of the keyboard.

Rheumatism Cured in a Day

"Mystic Cure" for Rheumatism and Neuralgia radically cures in 1 to 3 days. Its action upon the system is remarkable and mysterious. It removes at once the cause and the disease immediately disappears. The first dose greatly benefits. 75 cents. Sold by Geo. Hill Druggist Portsmouth.

Burdock Blood Bitter gives a man a clear head, an active brain, a strong, vigorous body—makes him fit for the battle of life.

STORM READY TO BREAK

British Cabinet May be Made
to Feel Its Force.

ENGLAND'S RAGE RISING.

Joseph Chamberlain is Criticized For
Leading the Britons into the Boer
War—Telling Victory Must Come at
Once to Avoid a Clash—Boer Forces
Said to Have Been Captured.

London, Dec. 15.—The War Office has advised the Government to call upon the entire available reserves in Great Britain, including the militia battalions, for volunteers to organize an expedition of 30,000 men for service in South Africa.

Lord Roberts urges the use of a larger contingent of native Indian cavalry.

Three hundred British gunners have been ordered to proceed from Gibraltar to the Cape.

The War Office has also announced that the Sixth Division of the Second Army Corps will leave on Sunday for South Africa, and that the Seventh Division will be mobilized immediately.

The Boer forces are said to be upward of 700 in killed and wounded in the battle at Modder River.

They Feel Depressed.

London, Dec. 15.—"Lord Methuen's check, following General Gatacre's repulse," says the Cape Town correspondent of the Daily News, "has had a most depressing effect upon the loyalists, who are by no means a growing body. They are filled with dark forebodings. Dutch disaffection is rapidly growing. A large section is restless and would need but little persuasion to join the Boers."

"There are disturbing reports from the eastern districts of Cape Colony, where many secret meetings have been held. The imperial authorities are arming the loyal farmers in the Stutterheim and Bedford districts."

Earlier Feeling in London.

London, Dec. 15.—England's rage is rising. The nation is calm in the face of two stunning disasters—Gatacre's and Methuen's, Stormberg and Magersfontein—but it is the calm that precedes the storm.

That storm, unless telling victories come quickly, threatens to break at any moment upon the Cabinet that has led the country into the valley of humiliation. Joseph Chamberlain, who is held responsible for the Boer war, will feel the first fury of the gathering tempest. Lord Lansdowne, Secretary of State for War, who is charged with patch work in the handling of the army will next feel its force, and the rest of the Government. If the storm breaks, it will go down with these two in the general wreck.

The War Office has just decided to mobilize an eighth division in reserve and to send the seventh division to the Cape. Certain foreign stations will probably be garrisoned with militia, and, if necessary volunteers will be called to take the places of the militia at home.

It is also likely that the militia reserve will be sent out to join their respective battalions, and the War Office intends to order four more battalions of militia embodied for permanent duty to-day. It is probable that additional offers of troops from the colonies will be asked for and accepted.

This dispatch from Lord Methuen has been received, dated Modder River, Tuesday, December 12, 7.30 p. m., showing that he had fallen back to that point.

"As the Boers occupied their trenches strongly this morning I retired in perfect order here, where I am in security. I have gathered from some of the prisoners and from our men with the ambulances, who talked with the Boers that the enemy's losses were terrible, some corps being entirely wiped out. The Boers have been most kind to my wounded."

A report to the War Office gives the total number of killed, wounded and missing of all arms in the British force in the engagement of Sunday and Monday night of Modder River as 817. Of the officers 15 were killed and 47 wounded, while five are missing and one is known to have been captured. There were 650 casualties among the non-commissioned officers and men of the Highland Brigade at Magersfontein alone. The Highlanders lost 10 officers killed, 38 wounded and 4 missing.

The Molineux Trial.

New York, Dec. 15.—William J. Kinsley, handwriting expert, resumed his tedious analysis when the Molineux trial was resumed Thursday. He continued taking up one exhibit after another, comparing the admitted handwriting of Molineux with the bogus Barnett and Cornish letters. It was said in the court room that J. Harrington Keene, "graphologist" and author of "The Mystery of Handwriting," is to be called by the prosecution in support of Mr. Kinsley. Mr. Keene is reputed to be gifted with the power of reading character in the manner in which its possessor dots his "i's" and crosses his "t's."

So far in his cross-examination of witnesses, Bartow S. Weeks, Molineux's counsel, has studiously avoided giving any intimation of the defense prepared for the young prisoner, apparently being satisfied with making vague insinuations, calculated to raise varying doubts in the minds of the jurors.

The Report Not Credited.

London, Dec. 15.—It is freely rumored here that a private despatch to a military officer, which is not confirmed officially, states that General Buller and Clerly have succeeded in surrounding the Boers and relieving Ladysmith. The report goes on to say that 3,000 Boers were killed and 10,000 taken prisoners. The report must be taken with the greatest reserve.

The British War Office has heard nothing of the story of the relief of Ladysmith.

The officials do not credit the report, as, they say, the relief of the place at such an early date is believed to be practically impossible.

THE WEATHER REPORT.

Snow Friday; Saturday, generally fair; low temperature will continue several days.

THREE GENERATIONS ON TRIAL.

Grandmother, Mother and Grandchild
Dran Charged With Murder.

Scranton, Pa., Dec. 15.—In the Court of Oyer and Terminer, of this county, a scene is presented that has had no duplicate in the history of the criminal courts of the country. Three generations of the same family are now on trial, charged with murder. There are four prisoners, and the oldest of them is Mrs. Bridget Dempsey, a woman about seventy years old. Beside her sits her daughter, Mrs. Annie E. Gallagher, and back of them sit Mrs. Gallagher's two sons, Thomas and Joseph Gallagher.

This strangely assorted quartet is charged with the murder of James W. Quinn, Sr., at Carbondale, on Sun. ay, August 13.

Mrs. Dempsey, on account of her age, was released on bail soon after her arrest. Her short confinement in jail and the mental anxiety she has suffered since the crime was committed have had a serious effect on her health.

Arrest of a Professor.

New Haven, Conn., Dec. 15.—Professor Osborne, of the Yale Medical School is under arrest charged with the unlawful disinterment of a body.

Essie Van Lue, a bright negress, thirteen years old, was treated several times at the clinic which is in charge of Professor Osborne. She had a stomach trouble. The treatment supplied failed to relieve her, and she died Sunday. Professor Osborne asked the girl's parents that an autopsy be allowed, they say, but they firmly refused.

The girl was buried Wednesday night her relatives, whose suspicions had been aroused, watched by the grave.

They hid behind gravestones, they declare, and saw an undertaker's wagon stop at the grave. They saw the body quickly removed and taken into the wagon, which drove off. They followed it to the undertaking establishment of R. E. Buwells' on Chapel street. The box was removed to the marble slab, and the members of the Van Lue family ran for the police. Professor Osborne says the mother consented to the matter.

A Remedy for Chicago Crime.

Chicago, Dec. 15.—William A. Pinkerton announces that the only cure Chicago can have from the cyclone of crime that curses it will be the lash for the footpad and capital punishment for the housebreaker. The great detective says:

"Give 100 lashes to each hold-up man and he will quit business. Pickpockets and other minor offenders should be treated accordingly. Execution is the thing for burglars. When a man breaks into a house it is with the intention of committing murder rather than be caught. His punishment should be meted out accordingly."

From November 11 to December 9 police records show that \$30,000 worth of goods have been stolen. There were thirty-three hold-ups in that time.

Will be Confined in an Asylum.

Chillicothe, Ohio, Dec. 15.—William R. Newland, of Potts Hill, has just been sent to the insane asylum at Athens, after having lived for 25 years in a single room, which had been constructed for him. Over a quarter of a century ago he got into a quarrel with another man, who struck him over the head with a scuffling, and he has never been the same since. His parents carefully watched him, and for fear that he would do some violence, built a room for him 10 feet square, with barred windows and a heavy door so that he could not get out. After his parents died he was still kept in the room, but escaped a few days ago, and appeared on the streets of Bainbridge in a nude condition, and endeavored to tear the clothing off the passers-by. He was arrested and will be confined in the asylum hereafter.

Husband Arrested for Murder.

Boston, Dec. 15.—The body of Lottie Cohen was found in a hall of her house at the south end Tuesday morning, with a deep cut in the throat, which severed the jugular vein. Solomon Cohen, husband of the woman, is under arrest pending an investigation. Cohen maintains that his wife committed suicide.

The deed was done in Mr. Cohen's apartment, and a trail of blood led from that place to the spot where the body lay. Cohen had his hands on his head, he said, when he found his wife in trying to take away the knife which his wife used. Cohen is fifty-five years old. Mrs. Cohen was twenty-nine.

Tried to Kill the Keeper.

Freehold, N. J., Dec. 15.—William B. Bullock, colored, who on November 12 murdered ex-Chief of Police James T. Walsh in Red Bank, Thursday afternoon while exercising in a corridor of the Monmouth County Jail here struck one of the keepers with an iron bar several times. It was evidently done in a hope of escaping. The keeper, with assistance and after a hard struggle, overpowered Bullock. The negro is powerfully built and is more than a match for one man. The jail authorities are investigating to ascertain how Bullock got the iron bar.

Baltimore Irishmen to Unite.

Baltimore, Dec. 15.—A meeting of delegates from the local Irish societies is to be held in a few days, looking to the formation of a central organization, to be composed of representatives from each independent body.

NEW YORK MARKETS.

New York, Dec. 15.—The stock market was exceedingly unsettled to-day and trading was feverish. Violent changes were shown in both directions, gains being rapidly wiped out and on the other hand declines swiftly recovering. It is believed that the bear movement is over.

Cash prices for staples:
Wheat, No. 2 red, 74 1/2.
Corn, No. 2 mixed, 40 1/2.
Oats, No. 2 mixed, 29 1/2.
Flour, Minnesota patents, \$3.90.
Cotton, middling, 7 11-16.
Coffee, No. 7 Rio, 66 1/2.
Sugar, granulated, 5.18.
Beef, family, 12.75.
Beef, hams, 22.75.
Tallow, prime, 10.00.
Pork, mess, 10.00.
Hogs, dressed, 10 lb., 65 1/2.
Lard, prime, 5.75 1/2.
Iron, Northern No. 1 foundry, 23.00.
Butter, Western creamery, 27.

BEECHAM'S PILLS

Have for many years been the popular family medicine throughout the English language is spoken, and they now

STAND WITHOUT A RIVAL

in curing Indigestion, Sick Headache, Constipation, and all Bilious and Nervous Disorders.

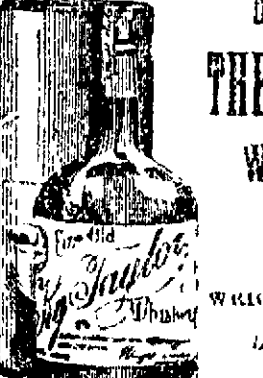
10 cents and 25 cents, at all drug stores.

TANGIN



TANGIN was made to cure womanly ills just as surely as the sun was made to drive away darkness. Every woman needs it at some time in her life—if well, to keep her so—if ill, to make her well. If you want to know about the best medicine on earth for troubles distinctly feminine, send a postal card for a free sample bottle and a valuable medical treatise on the diseases of women.

A. M. BUNNING & CO., S. S. New York.



DRINK ONLY
THE PUREST
WHISKEY.

WRIGHT & TAYLOR
Louisville Ky.
DISTILLERS

FINE OLD KENTUCKY Taylor Whiskey

If you want purity and richness of flavor, try our OLD KENTUCKY TAYLOR, 8 years old and our own distillation and guaranteed pure. Bottled and shipped direct from our warehouses by us. None genuine without our signature and with labels. For consumption, Indigestion, and all ailments requiring stimulants, OLD KENTUCKY TAYLOR has no superior. Sold by all first-class druggists, grocers, and liquor dealers.

Sold by Globe Grocery Co., Port mouth, N. H.

STANDARD BRAND.

Newark cement.

400 Barrels of the above Cement Just Landed.

THIS COMPANY'S CEMENT

Has been on the market for the past fifty years. It has been used on the

Principal Government and Other Public Works, and has received the commendation of Engineers, Architects and Constructors generally. For extra wanting cement should not be sold. Obtain the best.

FOR SALE BY:
JOHN H. BROUGHTON

Buy Now!

Have just received a new lot of
Buggies of all descriptions, Milk Wagon, Steam Laundry Wagon, Store Wagon and Sundry Carriages.

Also a large lot of New and Second Hand Harnesses, Single and Double, Heavy and Light, and I will sell them at Very Low Prices.

Just drop around and look them over, if you do not want to buy.

THOMAS McCUE.

Stone Stable - Fleet Street

PILE DIMOND'S PILE CURE

By J. A. SARK CURR, Jr.
Wind, Bleeding and itching Piles. Sold direct only. Price, \$1.00 in plain package. Money refundable. Send 2¢ in stamp for free pamphlet and circular.

Wm. H. H. & Co., Lock Box 302, Buffalo, N. Y.

Professional Cards.

W. O. JUNKINS, M. D.
Residence, 98 State St.
Office, 26 Congress St.
Portsmouth, N. H.
OFFICE HOURS: 10 A. M. to 1 P. M. and 6 to 8 P. M.

C. D. HINMAN, D. D. S.
DENTAL ROOMS, 16 MARKET SQUARE
Portsmouth, N. H.

F. S. TOWLE, M. D.
78 State Street, Portsmouth, N. H.
Office Hours: 10 A. M. to 1 P. M. and 6 to 8 P. M.

COAL AND WOOD.

O. E. WALKER & CO.,
Commission Merchants
Wholesale and Retail Dealers in
Coal and Wood.

338 So. 3d and 4th Sts.
PORTSMOUTH, N. H.

COAL AND WOOD.

O. E. WALKER & CO.,
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Wholesale and Retail Dealers in
Coal and Wood.

338 So. 3d and 4th Sts.
PORTSMOUTH, N. H.

Outing Flannel
Night Robes.
Ladies'
Gent's
Children's

LEWIS E. STAPLES,
7 Market Street.

A DRUGGIST
Nowadays....

Not only must have a complete knowledge of drugs, but to sell pure drugs he must know their adulterations; he must know just what to look for. We have that knowledge. We sell pure drugs and are careful.

Goodwin E. Philbrick
Franklin Block,
Portsmouth, N. H.

SICKNESS INSURANCE
Combined With
ACCIDENT INSURANCE,

Covering nearly all of the most serious diseases and every possible accident. Particulars at

TOBEY'S
Real Estate Agency,
32 Congress Street,

The Celebrated
7-20-4
10c. Cigars
Will be packed in handsome souvenir boxes for the holidays. Ladies cannot select a more suitable gift for a gentleman than one of these pretty packages.
For Sale By All First-Class Dealers.

R. G. SULLIVAN,
MANUFACTURER,
Manchester, N. H.

Stoddard's
Stable

HAS BEEN FITTED OUT WITH NEW CARRIAGES.

STODDARD'S.

NEW HACKS, FOR WEDDINGS AND OTHER PARTIES

THE SPEECH 1-2.

SALE AND LIVERY BUSINESS

THE HERALD.
SATURDAY, DEC. 16, 1899.

CITY BRIEFS.

The Rays are coming.
C. Fred Duncan has an elegant window display.
There were four lodgers at the police station last night.
See the display of Candies at Taylor's, No. 1 Congress street.
Company A met in the armory on Court street Friday evening for drill.

If you are looking for a big line of Gold Rings, call at Paul M. Harvey's.
Conner, photographer studio, (formerly Nickerson's,) No. 1 Congress street.

Your husband would appreciate a pair of Slippers as a gift. Make your selection at Duncan's.

The "S. G." Lendres is made of the choicest stock and is the best ten cent cigar in the market.

Paul M. Harvey, the jeweler, has an elegant line of ladies and gentlemen's Umbrellas for Christmas.

The pulpit at the Unitarian church will be occupied tomorrow by Rev. T. W. Brown of Melrose, Mass.

G. E. Coleman has opened a pool room at No. 16 Congress street and will give his friends a royal welcome.

The diphtheria patient at the hospital for contagious diseases was reported about the same on Friday evening.

Rubber heels become very popular and John G. Mott is fitting out the local public with an excellent article.

Another of the Raleigh's boilers was taken out Friday afternoon and landed alongside the one taken out on Thursday.

The funeral services over the remains of John Dargin will be held at the Unitarian church at 1 o'clock tomorrow afternoon.

A horse belonging to Percy Drake of Eye, ran away late on Friday evening, and was captured on Middle street by Augustus Dondoro.

An enjoyable dancing party was given in Frisbee's hall, Kittery Point, Friday evening. Conservatory orchestra furnished the music.

Lydia Silver, the wayward girl, who was arrested by the police the other evening for street walking, has been sent to her home in York.

The reading of Prof. Churchill next Monday evening in Pierce hall will be a rare opportunity for our citizens and should be largely attended.

The Pay Train which is to be presented at Music hall this evening will be produced with all the scenery carried by the original company.

Mrs. Tilley, an aged colored resident, is soon to remove from her home at Christian Shore, to Massachusetts, where she will reside in the future.

Mr. W. G. Wiggins, the laundryman, who has been seriously ill from typhoid fever, was out on the street today for the first time since he was stricken with the disease.

Next Monday evening, Rev. John D. Delaney, formerly of this city, now of St. Joseph's Cathedral, and editor of The Guidon, will lecture before St. Paul's Total Abstinence society in Manchester on "Christianity in South Africa."

Mrs. Josie Anderson was before Judge Adams in police court Friday afternoon, charged with keeping a disorderly house at No. 41 Water street. She pleaded not guilty, but on the testimony of several witnesses the court found her guilty and ordered her to pay a fine of ten dollars and costs.

PROBATE COURT.

The following business was among the transactions at the session of probate court for the county of Rockingham for the week ending Dec. 13:

Administration granted.—In estates of Thomas I. Bachelier, North Hampton, Francis R. Drake, administrator with will annexed; Willie E. Bachelier, North Hampton, Francis R. Drake, administrator; Mary A. Badger, Newfields, Charles H. Sanborn, administrator; Almira E. Freeman, Portsmouth, Lizzie W. Freeman, administratrix.

Accounts settled.—In estates of John A. Blake, Kensington; Robert W. Norton, Greenland.

AT THE NAVY YARD.

The Potomac may sail today if the weather is fair.

Quite a large party from the yard will attend the performance at Music hall this afternoon.

Another one of the boilers of the U. S. S. Raleigh was removed on Friday afternoon without a hitch.

REPORTED FOR DUTY.

Leon S. Young of St. Albans, N. Y., who was recently appointed a stenographer and typewriter in the department of construction and repair at the navy yard, reported for duty today.

SUBSCRIPTION PARTY.

Philbrick Hall Given Over To
Brilliant Function.

MANY ELABORATE TOILETTES LENT
ECLAT TO THE EVENT.

Carnival of Color and Graceful Movement.

The subscription party given in Philbrick hall on Friday evening by Miss Julia Dearborn Moses and Mrs. T. F. Flanagan proved, as was expected, the leading society dance of the year.

The affair was given in honor of Miss Edith Ormsby of Casper, Wyoming, a talented young musician, who is to assist Miss Moses with her dancing classes this season.

The hall was very prettily decorated with evergreens and pine, particularly about the stage, and the orchestra was hardly discernible behind the bank of green.

It was a very drowsy affair and many stunning toilettes were seen among the ladies. The gentlemen were also in full dress and the scene from the balconies was one of beauty and animation.

Joy and Philbrick's orchestra furnished the music and gave an excellent concert from eight to half-past eight o'clock.

Miss Moses and Miss Ormsby, assisted by Mrs. Flanagan and Madame Florence of Boston, received the guests as they arrived.

Miss Moses wore a handsome gown of blue green silk poplin, trimmings of velvet, with brilliant and pink roses.

Miss Ormsby's toilette was white lace over white satin, garnitures of cerise velvet and sash fur.

Mrs. Flanagan's gown was a scarlet striped gauze over silk, velvet bodice.

Madame Florence wore a black silk gauze, embroidered in gold, yoke of canary satin, jewel trimmings.

The aids and ushers were: Dr. A. J. Lance, Dr. F. S. Towle, Mr. G. D. Marcy, Mr. J. K. Bates, Mr. I. A. Newick, Mr. W. J. Cater, Mr. H. C. Hopkins and Mr. T. F. Flanagan.

At nine o'clock dancing commenced in earnest and it was a late hour before the merry waltzers thought of home.

During intermission Green served a tempting lunch in the banquet hall, which added much to the evening's enjoyment.

Among those seen on the floor were: Miss Florence Hill, Miss Alice Anthony, Miss Annie Hill, Miss Sadie Holmes, Dr. and Mrs. A. J. Lance, Dr. and Mrs. F. S. Towle, Mr. and Mrs. H. C. Hopkins, Miss Irma F. Wells, S. Peter Emery, Mr. and Mrs. W. H. Fay, Mr. and Mrs. W. G. Meloon, Miss Prime, J. Norris Parker, Miss Mabel Griffin, Mr. and Mrs. Charles F. Shilaber, Mr. and Mrs. John K. Bates, Ira A. Newick, Mrs. Fred F. Moses, Mr. and Mrs. I. C. Hanson, Byron F. Paul, Miss Ida Foot, E. Mr. and Mrs. Herbert B. Prime, George F. Parker, William Cater, Mr. and Mrs. Charles A. Hazlett, John Holman, Miss Minnie Woods, Miss Grace Rand, Howard Haskell, Mr. and Mrs. Charles E. Traflet, G. Fred Drew, J. W. Newell, John Mulloy, Frank Woods, Mr. and Mrs. E. Richardson, Willard E. Paul, Horace Rowe, Ceylon Spinney, Miss Ethel Jones, Charles W. Gray, Miss Marion Hawkes, Miss Mabel Emery, Dr. Geo. E. Pender, Walter Staples, Mr. Winterburne, Miss Jones, Miss Seymour.

FIRE ON BARGE KALMIA.

Cabin Practically Destroyed and a Sailor Badly Burned.

The cabin of the barge Kalmia which arrived here from Philadelphia Friday in tow of tug Carbonero, caught fire in the afternoon while the craft was anchored in the lower harbor.

The fire caught from an overheated stove and before it was extinguished the interior of the cabin was nearly all burned.

In trying to extinguish the flames one of the crew was badly burned. The damaged barge was towed to this city and the crew was quartered on the barge Glendower.

FELL IN A FAINT.

Miss Mary Tucker, one of the leading actresses of the Jesse Harcourt company, was stricken by a fainting spell in front of the drug store of F. B. Coleman on Congress street shortly before 2 o'clock this afternoon and fell to the sidewalk. She was taken into the store and a physician summoned. She was soon revived and taken to her hotel and will be able to appear at Music hall this evening.

AROUND THE CITY.

It was evident on Thursday evening that Kittery has some excellent amateur dramatic talent and that the place has just awakened to the fact, from the interest shown in the efforts of the young people there to produce the piece that nightly pleased the immense audience that crowded the hall. It has been many years since anything similar was attempted and the revival of all the old-time fascination for such things was greater than anticipated. There will be other pieces produced during the winter months.

The local sportsmen might as well put away their guns and ammunition until another year, as far as the killing of quail, partridge, ruffed grouse and woodcock is concerned. On December fifteenth the law protecting these birds until the next season went into effect. The penalty for killing any of such birds or having them in possession even, from now until September fifteenth of next year, is for each bird a fine of \$10 and costs, or be imprisoned not exceeding sixty days, or both.

There will be no calendars in the post office corridors during the coming year, not because the custodian of the government building does not want them there, but because someone has taken it upon himself to "seriously object and solemnly protest" against the posting of these useful and handy references for dates. The calendars have been hung there ever since they came into use and this is probably the first time that anyone has seen fit to inconvenience a great many people. The regulations of the building do not permit the display of calendars, but as no one ever thought before of such a thing, they have been allowed there. The peculiar part of the affair is, that the person who objected, has no interest as an advertiser.

Today has been a most favorable one for the merchants in the city and an excellent trade was reported to the Herald man in his rounds. The suddenness of the cold wave froze the roads in the country before they could become like a crater and the number of people here from the surrounding towns has been very large. With but a few days remaining before the time of gift giving, there seems to be a disposition to take advantage of this seasonable and beautiful weather we are experiencing. The stores have all been well filled with shoppers and tonight is expected to be as lively around the city as one week from tonight, or nearly as brisk for the merchants.

The project of restoring the frigate Constitution, "Old Ironsides," to the condition in which she was in the war of 1812 seems to be in a fair way of realization. Secretary Long has made the appropriate committee to congress for recommendation asked by the Massachusetts State Society of Daughters of 1812, which organization proposes to become responsible for the expense of such restoration. When put in her original condition the frigate may be used as a training ship for naval apprentices or for such other service as the department may designate.

News has been received from reliable sources that, beginning with Jan. 1, the employees of the Boston and Maine railroad will receive their pay every two weeks instead of once a month, as has been the custom for many years. This will be most cheerful news to the railroad men, and practically every man is unanimous in favor of the change, which they claim will be of much benefit and convenience to them.

BOWLING.

A bowling team composed of marines from the navy yard played the Portsmouth team at the local alleys, on Friday evening, and were defeated by the score of 2404 to 2007. Quite a crowd saw the game. The marines bowled very well, but the Portsmouth cracks had no trouble whatever in getting the best end of the argument. The score was as follows:

PORTSMOUTH.
Frizzell 132 136 200-468
Mitchell 114 189 150-492
Flynn 121 162 187-470
Moynehan 167 161 161-489
Schurman 167 168 130-485
Grand total 2404

MARINES.
Keeler 129 162 148-439
Lesage 95 159 157-411
Wilson 129 94 110-333
Donnelly 176 118 137-431
Stevens 115 170 108-393
Grand total 2007

Corporal Jensen refereed the game well. The teams will bowl again next Friday night at the navy yard.

SAID TO HAVE RESIGNED.

It was reported this afternoon that Henry G. Smith, the local manager of the Metropolitan Insurance company has resigned, to accept another position offered him.

INTERESTING TRANSFER.

Property In This City Distributed By The Rice Will.

By a deed received at the Rockingham registry in Exeter this week, and bearing \$21 in war revenue stamps, indicative of a valuation of \$21,000, sundry parcels of Portsmouth realty, which under will of the late William Rice of this city, have been held by the grantors as tenants in common, are by Fannie P. Parsons, of Amherst; Susan D. Yates, Portsmouth; Florence Murray, Sarah G. Salter, Washington; Oliver P. Rice, Mary P. Rice, New York; Lucretia E. Jarvis, Claremont; Elizabeth R. Upham, Katharine H. Rice, New York; George S. Rice, Chicago; Frank Goodwin, Boston; Abbie R. Winder, Hope Goodwin, Mabel (S. Decatur, Fielding Bradford, Portsmouth, and George G. Dewey, New York, and Fielding Bradford, Portsmouth, as joint tenants. Charles A. Hazlett of this city, joins in the conveyance as a trustee.

The property conveyed includes the Rice homestead on Deer street, the premises of 21 and 31 Market street, at 16 Pleasant street and other realty. George G. Dewey is the son of the admiral, Mrs. Jarvis is the wife of our consul at Milan, Italy, and the social prominence of all participants lends interest to the transaction.

TO LOCATE ELSEWHERE.

Mr. Horace Waldron Has Resigned His Position Here.

Mr. Horace W. Waldron on Thursday, resigned his position as general manager and treasurer of the Portsmouth Gas, Electric Light and Power company, and it is understood is to accept a flattering offer of a well-known Boston house. Mr. Waldron, who is also one of the directors of the company, has held the position of general manager for the past six years and by his faithfulness and integrity has won the respect of all our citizens. He was the democratic nominee for mayor two years ago, is a prominent member of DeWitt Clinton Commandery, Knights Templar, and is popular in club circles. He has made hosts of friends since coming to this city, and although they will regret greatly the departure of him and his family, wish him every success in his new field. The resignation is to take effect January first.

POOR ECONOMY.

It Costs the City 10 Cents More a Foot for Water Mains.

It is said by a person who ought to know, that it will cost the city 27 cents a running foot for the construction of the new water main on the Eliwyn road by contract Italian labor at \$1.35 per day.

The construction of the water main on Woodbury avenue by Portsmouth men at \$1.75 per day costs only 17 cents a running foot.

Thus it is poor economy in two ways, to have the work done by contract. It robs the local men of employment and actually costs 10 cents more per foot.

AGAIN IN PROMINENCE.

Ex-Lieut. Fillette Held For Alleged Embezzlement of \$100.

J. Glover Fillette, of Ninth and Spruce streets, Philadelphia, a solicitor for the American Commercial Travelers' company, of New York, was held in \$1000 bail by Magistrate Ladner Thursday, on the charge of embezzling \$100 of the company's money.

Fillette will be remembered here as a lieutenant in the marine corps at this navy yard and for the sensation caused in the city in regard to his conduct.

The outcome of the trial is awaited with a great deal of interest in this city.

OBITUARY.

Charles L. Tidd.

Word has been received here of the death in Nebraska of Mr. Charles L. Tidd, formerly of this city. His demise was very sudden, and will cause the deepest regret to his old-time friends in Portsmouth. The deceased was once an alderman here and was very well-known among the older residents. Mr. Tidd died on December 13th. No further particulars have been received here.

Frank Foster.

Frank Foster, son of Eugene Foster of Wellesley Hills, Mass., formerly of this city, died there Friday at the age of five years. The body will be brought to this city this afternoon for interment in the Calvary cemetery.

Croup instantly relieved. Dr. Thomas' Electric Oil. Perfectly safe. Never fails. At any drug store.

Taylor's Christmas Candies are attracting hundreds of purchasers.

Flatulence is cured by BEECHAM'S PILL.

PERSONALS.

Miss Annie Hill of Dover is the guest of Miss Irma F. Wells, Islington street.

Mr. and Mrs. Everett M. Fisher and daughter, Miss Blanche, left this morning for a visit to Boston.

Madame Florence of Boston was the guest of Miss Julia Moses in town, Friday, and attended the subscription party in Philbrick hall in the evening.

WATER FRONT NEWS.

The tug Piscataqua arrived back from Boston this morning with the barge P. N. Co. No. 9, Parsons, for York, light.

In the outer harbor today, Tug Plymouth, Kendrick, Boston for Port Johnson; schooner Henry O. Barrett, Davis, Portland, Norfolk, light.

Sailed, Dec. 16.—Schooners Marion Edwards and Ellen M. Mitchell, barge C. R. R. No. 12.

PEARL STREET CHURCH.

"Refuge" will be the subject of the sermon at the Pearl street church Sunday evening. Gospel meeting in the evening commencing with a praise service at 7.15 and a brief sermon. The revival meetings which have been going on in this church will continue four evenings next week, commencing on Tuesday night.

There is to be a "Hot Old Time" at Music hall next week.



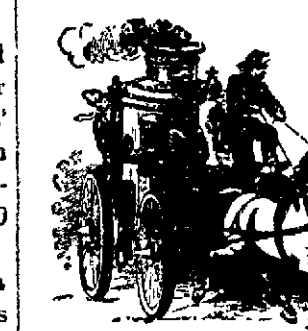
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Are sure to form a pleasing impression of your home when it is fitted up in refined taste, and your walls and ceilings are artistically and appropriately decorated. We have a line of wall papers that would make an artist's hear glad in their pleasing and harmonious effects of color and design. We have never sold fine wall papers as cheap as we are doing right now.

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Bottler of Elderidge and Milwaukee Lager,
Porte., Refined Cider, Cream and Stock Ale.

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A continuance of patronage is solicited from former customers and the public in general. Every endeavor will be made to fill all orders promptly and in a satisfactory manner.

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